

Chapter 9 Test FORM 1

SCORE _____

Write the letter for the correct answer in the blank at the right of each question.

1. Consider the equation $y = x^2 + 3x - 4$. Determine whether the function has a maximum or minimum value. State the maximum or minimum value. What are the domain and range of the function?

A min.; 0
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: {all real numbers}

C max.; -6.25
 D: $\{x \mid x \leq -1.5\}$
 R: $\{y \mid y \geq -6.25\}$

B max.; 0
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: $\{y \mid y \leq 0\}$

D min.; -6.25
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: $\{y \mid y \geq -6.25\}$

1. _____

2. What is the equation of the axis of symmetry of the graph of $y = x^2 + 6x - 7$?

F $x = 6$ G $x = -3$ H $x = 3$ J $x = -6$

2. _____

3. Find the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of $y = 4 - x^2$. Identify the vertex as a maximum or a minimum point.

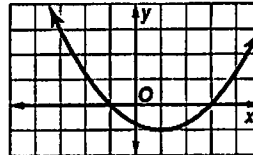
A (2, 0); maximum
 B (0, 4); minimum

C (0, 4); maximum
 D (2, 0); minimum

3. _____

4. Which appear to be the roots of the quadratic equation whose related function is graphed at the right?

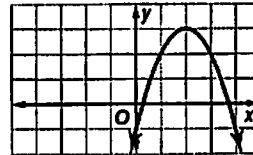
F -1, 3 H -3, 1
 G -1, 1 J 1, 3



4. _____

5. One root of the quadratic equation whose related function is graphed lies between which two consecutive integers?

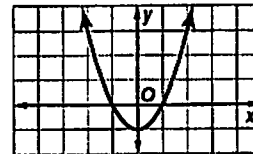
A 1 and 2 C 0 and -1
 B 2 and 3 D 0 and 1



5. _____

6. Which equation corresponds to the graph shown?

F $y = x^2 + 1$ H $y = x^2 - 1$
 G $y = -x^2 - 1$ J $y = x^2$



6. _____

7. Describe how the graph of the function $g(x) = -3x^2 - 2$ is related to the graph of the function $f(x) = -3x^2$.

A translation of $f(x) = -3x^2$ reflected over the x -axis and down 2 units
 B translation of $f(x) = -3x^2$ down 2 units
 C translation of $f(x) = -3x^2$ reflected over the x -axis and up 2 units
 D translation of $f(x) = -3x^2$ up 2 units

7. _____

8. Find the value of c that makes $x^2 - 5x + c$ a perfect square trinomial.

F -12.25 G -6.25 H 6.25 J 10

8. _____

Chapter 9 Test, Form 1 *(continued)*

9. Which value of c makes $y^2 + 8y + c$ a perfect square trinomial?
 A 4 B 16 C 64 D 8
 9. _____

10. Which equation is equivalent to $x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$?
 F $(x + 1)^2 = 2$ G $(x - 1)^2 = 4$ H $(x - 1)^2 = 2$ J $(x + 1)^2 = 4$
 10. _____

11. Solve the equation $2x^2 + 3x - 5 = 0$ by using the Quadratic Formula.
 A $-2\frac{1}{2}, 1$ B $-5, 1$ C $-1, 2\frac{1}{2}$ D $-1, 5$
 11. _____

12. State the value of the discriminant for $y = x^2 - 8x + 10$.
 F 4.9 G 24 H 104 J 10.2
 12. _____

13. Determine the number of real solutions of $n^2 - 5n - 6 = 0$.
 A 1 real solution C infinitely many real solutions
 B 2 real solutions D no real solutions
 13. _____

14. **TREE HOUSE** Bob tosses his basketball onto the ground from his tree house. He tosses the basketball with an initial downward velocity of 8 feet per second. The equation $h = -16t^2 - 8t + 20$ represents the height h of the basketball after t seconds. How long does the basketball take to hit the ground?
 F 0.9 s G 1.0 s H 9 s J 20 s
 14. _____

15. State the value of the discriminant of $5x^2 + 9x = 3$.
 A 5 B 12 C 21 D 141
 15. _____

16. Look for a pattern in the table of values to determine which model best describes the data.

x	0	1	2	3
y	0	2	8	18

 F linear G quadratic H exponential J none of these
 16. _____

17. Which function best models the data in Question 16?
 A $y = 2x$ B $y = 2x + 1$ C $y = 2x^2$ D $y = 2^x$
 17. _____

18. Solve the equation $2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$.
 F $\{-\frac{1}{2}, 3\}$ G $\{\frac{1}{2}, -3\}$ H $\{\frac{1}{2}, 3\}$ J $\{-\frac{1}{2}, -3\}$
 18. _____

19. Solve the system algebraically, using substitution.
 $y = x^2 + 8x + 11$
 $y = x + 1$
 A $(-5, -4), (-2, -1)$ C $(-5, -4), (2, 3)$
 B $(0, 1)$ D $(2, 3), (5, 6)$
 19. _____

20. Given that $f(x) = -2x^2 + 6x + 3$ and $g(x) = 8x - 1$, find $(f + g)(x)$.
 F $-2x^2 - 2x + 4$ G $-2x^2 + 14x + 2$ H $2x^2 + 2x - 4$ J $2x^2 - 14x - 2$
 20. _____

Bonus If $b^2 - 4ac = 0$, determine the number of real solutions of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$.
 B. _____

Chapter 9 Test

Form 2

SCORE _____

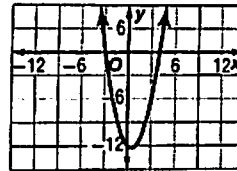
Write the letter for the correct answer in the blank at the right of each question.

1. Consider the equation $y = x^2 + 5x - 6$. Determine whether the function has a maximum or minimum value. State the maximum or minimum value. What are the domain and range of the function?

- A min.; 0
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: {all real numbers}
- B max.; 0
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: $\{y | y \leq 0\}$
- C min.; -12.25
 D: {all real numbers}
 R: $\{y | y \geq -12.25\}$
- D max.; -12.25
 D: $x | x \leq 2.5$
 R: {all real numbers}

2. Which equation corresponds to the graph shown?

- F $y = x^2 + 7x - 12$
 G $y = x^2 - x - 12$
- H $y = x^2 + 5x + 12$
 J $y = x^2 + 12x - 1$



3. Find the equation of the axis of symmetry and the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 6$.

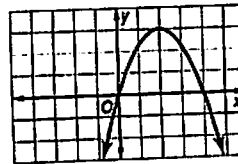
- A $x = -3$; (-3, 60)
 B $x = 3$; (3, -12)
- C $x = -3$; (-3, 78)
 D $x = 3$; (3, 6)

4. Find the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of $y = -2x^2 - 8$. Identify the vertex as a maximum or a minimum point.

- F (-2, -16); minimum
 G (-2, 8); maximum
- H (2, -16); maximum
 J (0, -8); maximum

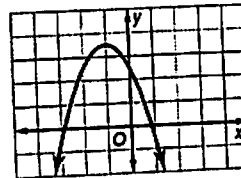
5. Which appear to be the root(s) of the quadratic equation whose related function is graphed at the right?

- A 2
 B 3
- C 0, 4
 D -4, 0



6. One root of the quadratic equation whose related function is graphed lies between which two consecutive integers?

- F -3 and -2
 G 2 and 3
- H -2 and -1
 J 1 and 2



7. How is the graph of $g(x) = x^2 - 3$ related to the graph of $f(x) = x^2$?

- A translated down 3 units
 B translated up 3 units
- C translated right 3 units
 D translated left 3 units

8. Find the value of c that makes $x^2 + 10x + c$ a perfect square trinomial.

- F -25
 G -5
- H 10
 J 25

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

Chapter 9 Test, Form 2A *(continued)*

9. What value of c makes $x^2 + 24x + c$ a perfect square trinomial?
 A 576 B 144 C 24 D 12 9. _____
10. Which step is *not* performed in the process of solving $n^2 - 12n - 10 = 0$ by completing the square?
 F Add 10 to each side. H Factor $n^2 - 12n - 10 = 0$.
 G Add 36 to each side. J Take the square root of each side. 10. _____
11. Which equation is equivalent to $2x^2 - 24x - 14 = 0$?
 A $(x - 6)^2 = 50$ B $(x - 3)^2 = 13$ C $(x - 3)^2 = 20$ D $(x - 6)^2 = 43$ 11. _____
12. State the value of the discriminant of $3x^2 + 8x = 2$.
 F 3 G 40 H 88 J 100 12. _____

Solve each equation by using the Quadratic Formula. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

13. $4x^2 + 11x - 3 = 0$
 A -2.4, -0.3 B $-\frac{1}{4}, 3$ C 0.3, 2.4 D $-3, \frac{1}{4}$ 13. _____
14. $y^2 + 8y = 2$
 F -8.2, 0.2 G 8.2, -0.2 H 0.3, 7.7 J -7.7, -0.3 14. _____
15. Determine the number of real solutions of $7x^2 - 18x + 12 = 0$.
 A 2 B infinitely many C none D 1 15. _____

16. Look for a pattern in the table of values to determine which model best describes the data.

x	0	1	2	3
y	1	7	49	343

F linear G exponential H quadratic J none of these 16. _____

17. Which function best models the data in Question 16?
 A $y = 7x$ B $y = 7x^2$ C $y = 7^x$ D $y = 7^x + 1$ 17. _____
18. Solve the equation $y^2 = 13y - 42$.
 F $\{-6, -7\}$ G $\{6, 7\}$ H $\{-6, 7\}$ J $\{6, -7\}$ 18. _____

19. Solve the system algebraically, using substitution.

A $(-4, -2), (1, 3)$
 B $(1, 3), (4, 6)$

C $(-1, 1), (4, 6)$
 D $(0, 2)$

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 6$$

$$y = x + 2$$

19. _____

20. Given that $f(x) = 9x^2 - x + 5$ and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 2$, find $(g - f)(x)$.
 F $-7x^2 - 4x - 3$ G $5x^2 + 4x + 3$ H $7x^2 + 4x + 3$ J $-5x^2 - 4x - 3$ 20. _____

Bonus What is the equation of the axis of symmetry of a parabola if its x -intercepts are -3 and 5 ?
 B. _____